World Archery Rule Changes affecting Field and 3D

Old Rules			New Rules		
Article No	Changes	Article No	Changes		
Book 2	Field Rounds removal of 12,16 and	Book 2	Field Rounds Only 24 target rounds now acceptable The distances can be found in Article		
4.5.3.1	20 target Rounds	4.5.3.1	8.1.1.9 for Unmarked and 8.1.1.10 Marked		
4.5.3.2	Arrowhead Rounds removal of	4.5.3.2	Arrowhead Rounds now only 24 or 48 target rounds		
	28,32,36,40 and 44 target rounds				
4.5.3.3	Forest Round removed to Book 5				
	Article 32.3				
4.5.3.4.2	Old Elimination rounds removed	4.5.3.3.2	The Elimination Round consists of the pool shoot-up process. Athletes ranked in position		
	altogether. New format now to be		1 and 2 will automatically take a place in the semi-final. Athletes 3-22 will form 4 pools of		
	used		5 athletes and shoot for the remaining 2 semi-final positions,		
		4.5.3.3.3	The first match in each pool will be between the two lowest ranked archers in the pool.		
			The archer with the highest score at the end of the six targets progresses to the next		
			round. They will shoot the next athlete in the pool.		
		4.5.3.3.4	The winner of Pool A will shoot against the winner of Pool B and the winner of Pool C will		
			shoot against the winner of Pool D for entry into the semi finals.		
			Pool A Pool B Pool C Pool D		
			3 5 4 6		
			10 8 9 7		
			11 13 12 14 18 16 17 15		
			19 21 20 22		
		4.5.3.3.5	Elimination matches will consist of 6 targets. All target faces should be available. (See		
		4.5.5.5.5	notes from Field and 3D Committee on course laying for eliminations). Distances will be		
			marked. Athletes will shoot simultaneously.		
		4.5.3.3.6	If there are fewer than 22 athletes, all will progress to the elimination and pools will be		
		4.0.0.0.0	filled with all the eligible athletes.		
4.5.3.4.3	The Finals rounds have completely	4.5.3.3.7	The Finals Rounds in which the four top athletes shoot two matches (the semi-finals and		
	changed		the medal finals) consisting of four marked targets each, three arrows per target (see		
	onangoa		Article 8.1.1.2.)		
		4.5.3.3.7.1	In the semi-finals, the winner of pool AB (athlete AB) shoots against the athlete ranked 2,		
			and the winner of pool CD (athlete CD) will shoot against athlete ranked number 1. The		
			winners compete in the Gold Medal match and the others in the Bronze Medal match. In		
			the semi-finals, if the athletes shoot in a group of four, the pair consisting of athletes AB		
			and 2 shall shoot first and, the other pair shall shoot as the second pair at all targets. In		

			the medal finals, the athletes competing in the Bronze Medal match shall shoot first at all targets, followed by the Gold Medal match.
		4.5.3.3.7.2	In the Finals Round the higher ranked athlete shall shoot from the left shooting position.
4.5.3.4.4	Team Elimination Rounds changed	4.5.3.3.8	The top eight teams will shoot quarter final matches of four targets.
	J	4.5.3.3.9	Targets will be laid to challenge the team, taking in to account the landscape available. At the first target the higher ranked team decides who shall start shooting. Thereafter, the team with the lower cumulative score will shoot first at the following target and, if the teams are tied, then the team which started the match will shoot first;
		4.5.3.3.9.1	They are seeded according to the positions as determined by the total scores (the three top scores) in the Qualification Round. The composition of the team shall be determined by the Team Manager. Each athlete shoots one arrow per target from the peg of his division (see match play). The winners of each match proceed to the Team Finals Round.
4.5.3.4.5	Team Finals Round changed	4.5.3.3.10	 The Team Finals Rounds consist of the four qualifying teams (semi-finals) in each class, consisting of one athlete from each division. At the first target the higher ranked team decides who shall start shooting. Thereafter, the team with the lower cumulative score will shoot first at the following target and, if the teams are tied, then the team which started the match will shoot first;
		4.5.3.3.10.1	Each athlete shoots one arrow per target from the peg of his division. The winning teams move to the Gold Medal match and the other teams move to the Bronze Medal match (Medal Finals). Both Medal matches are shot on an additional four marked targets (see individual finals for shooting procedures).
		4.5.3.4.1	In the Finals Round each class and division shall form a group that shall start in this order:
		4.5.3.4.2	The organisers decide whether the Finals Round are shot as one continuous round or whether there shall be a break between the semi-finals and the medal finals. The reorganisation of the groups shall take place after the fourth target. In case of a tie in the semi-finals, the tie should be decided on the fourth target before the reorganisation of the groups takes place. The organisers may allow the different categories to shoot on separate courses to speed up the competition.

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4.5.3.7	Distances for Short Marked course			
	Removed altogether			

			3D Section
4.5.7	Again Many changes to the rounds	4.5.7.1	The 3D Round consists of 24 unmarked targets. Two arrows are shot per peg. These targets shall be laid out in a course considering the challenges in aiming and shooting as the tradition of the discipline requires. The distances for targets are set out in Article 9.1.1.7
		4.5.7.2	The 3D World Archery Championship Round consists of a Qualification Round followed by an Elimination Round and the Finals Rounds for Individuals and the Elimination Round and the Finals Round for Teams.
		4.5.7.2.1	The Qualification Round consists of two 3D rounds of 24 unmarked targets.
		4.5.7.2.2	The Elimination Round consists of the pool shoot-up process. Athletes ranked in position 1 and 2 will automatically take a place in the semi-final. Athletes 3-22 will form four pools of five athletes and shoot for the remaining two semi-final positions.
		4.5.7.2.3	The first match in each pool will be between the two lowest ranked archers in the pool. The archer with the highest score at the end of the six targets progresses to the next round. They will shoot the next athlete in the pool.
		4.5.7.2.4	The winner of Pool A will shoot against the winner of Pool B and the winner of Pool C will shoot against the winner of Pool D for entry into the semi-finals. Pool A Pool B Pool C Pool D 3 5 4 6 10 8 9 7 11 13 12 14 18 16 17 15 19 21 20 22
		4.5.7.2.5	Elimination matches will consist of 6 targets. (See notes from Field and 3D Committee on course laying for elimination). Distances will be unmarked. Athletes will shoot simultaneously.
		4.5.7.2.6	If there are fewer than 22 athletes all will progress to the elimination and pools will be filled with all the eligible athletes.
		4.5.7.2.7	The Finals Rounds in which the top four athletes per category qualifying from the Elimination Round shall shoot two matches (the semi-finals and the medal finals) consisting of four targets each.
		4.5.7.2.7.1	The semi-finals, the winner of pool AB (athlete AB) shoots against the athlete ranked 2 and the winner of pool CD (athlete CD) will shoot against athlete ranked number 1. The winners compete in the Gold Medal match and the others in the Bronze Medal match.

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			In the semi-finals, if the athletes shoot in a group of four, the pair consisting of athletes AB
			and 2 shall shoot first and, the other pair shall shoot as the second pair at all targets. In
			the medal finals, the athletes competing in the Bronze Medal match shall shoot first at all
			targets, followed by the Gold Medal match.
		4.5.7.2.7.2	In the Finals Round, the highest ranked athlete shall shoot from the left.
		4.5.7.2.8	The Team Elimination Round (quarter-finals) consists of the top eight teams in each class
			qualifying from the two Qualification Rounds shooting four targets each: A team shall be
			made up by one Compound athlete, one Longbow athlete and one athlete using either an
			Instinctive bow or a Barebow. The team ranking shall be based on the best athlete's
			results for each category after the second Qualification Round. (If both the Instinctive and
			the Barebow division are competing the higher result shall be taken for the ranking);
		4.5.7.2.8.1	The teams are seeded according to the team ranking as established on the basis of
			the individual ranking for each category after the second Qualification Round.
		4.5.7.2.8.2	At the first target the higher ranked team decides who shall start shooting. Thereafter, the
			team with the lower cumulative score will shoot first at the following target and, if the
			teams are tied, then the team which started the match will shoot first.
		4.5.7.2.8.3	Each athlete shoots one arrow per target from the peg of his division (see match play).
			The winners of each match proceed to the Team Finals Round.
		4.5.7.2.9	The Team Finals Rounds consist of the winning four teams from the Team Elimination
			Round. They shoot two matches of four targets each (semi-finals and Finals).
		4.5.7.2.9.1	First match: semi-finals: The higher placed team decides who shall start shooting at the
			first target. Thereafter, the team with the lower cumulative score will shoot first at the
			following target and, if the teams are tied, then the team which started the match will
			shoot first. Each athlete in the team shoots one arrow per target from the peg of his
			division; Second match: Medal Match: The winners move to the Gold Medal match and
			the others to the Bronze Medal match (Medal Finals). Both medal matches are shot on an
			additional four targets.
		4.5.7.3.1	The Finals Round
			The athletes of the different categories shall start their Finals Rounds in the following
			order: Longbow women - Longbow men Instinctive bow women - Instinctive bow men
			Barebow women - Barebow men Compound women - Compound men Or all women shall
			shoot first followed by all men.
	Owing to the removal of all the	6.3.4	Arrowhead awards can only be claimed on rounds of 24 or 48 targets
	rounds removed in Articles 4.5.3.1		
0.4.4.7	and 4.5.3.2	0.4.4.7	
8.1.1.7	Change to tolerance on	8.1.1.7	The tolerances are:

measurement		For distances 15m or less ±25cm;
		For distances between 16-60m ±1m.
	8.1.1.11	Elimination Rounds
		The Elimination Round consists of 6 marked targets per match. Each set of 6 targets will
		have a mix of all face sizes (20/40/60/80) and all distances will be pegged
		(short/medium/long). Organisers will lay the course with consideration to the venue, the
		terrain and the lay of the land.
	8.1.1.12	Finals Rounds (and Team quarter-finals)
		The semi final and final consist of four marked targets in each match with marked
		distances. During the finals the targets can be placed at the organiser wishes taking into
		consideration the terrain, lay of the ground and venue. All target faces (20/40/60/80) must
		be used and there should be a mix of short, medium and long distances.

	Book 4			
			Recurve	
Article No	Changes	Article No	Changes	
22.1.3.1	Slight change of definition	22.1.3.1	The pressure point may be placed no further back than 4cm(inside) from the pivot point of the grip.	
22.1.5	Slight change of wording	22.1.5	A bow sight for aiming is permitted.	
22.1.5.1	Slight change of positioning within the Articles	22.1.5.1	It shall not incorporate a prism, lens/lenses, or any other magnifying device, levelling, electric or electronic devices nor shall it provide for more than one sighting point. Long fibre optic pins must bend after 2cm with the opposite end of the fibre optic pin outside the athlete's line of vision.	
		22.1.5.2	The overall length of the sighting circle or point (hood, tunnel or tube, sighting pin or other corresponding extended component) will not exceed 2cm in the line of vision of the athlete.	
		22.1.5.3	 A sight attached to the bow may have windage and elevation adjustment setting and is subject to the following provisions: A bow sight extension is permitted; A manufacturer scale and or tape with one set of the athletes normal sight marks 	
			may be mounted on the sight as a guide for distance markings, but shall not in any way offer any additional aid.	
		22.1.5.5	Athletes may carry their normal sight marks on the course, meaning, a single point of reference for each specific distance. Multiple marks for use as a possible ranging guide are not allowed.	
21.1.7.1	Slight change of wording in the	21.1.7.1	An arrow consists of a shaft with a tip (point), nocks, fletching and, if desired, cresting.	

	following Articles	22.1.9 22.1.9.1 22.1.9.2 22.1.9.3 22.1.10.1	The maximum diameter of arrow shafts shall not exceed 9.3mm (arrow wraps shall not be considered as part of this limitation but may not extend further than 22cm toward the arrow point when measured from the nock groove where the bowstring sits to the end of the wrap). The tips/points of the arrow may not exceed 9.4mm in diameter. All arrows of every athlete shall be marked with the athlete's name or initials on the shaft. All arrows used in any end shall be identical in appearance and shall carry the same pattern and colour(s) of fletching, nocks and cresting, if any. Tracer nocks (electrically/electronically lighted nocks) are not allowed. Binoculars, scopes and other visual aids may be used for spotting arrows: Provided they are not used for ranging or represent any obstruction to other athletes. Prescription glasses, shooting spectacles and sunglasses may be used. None of these may be fitted with micro hole lenses, or similar devices, nor may they be marked in any way to assist in aiming. Should the athlete need to cover the non-sighting eye and or glasses lens, plastic, film or tape may be used to obscure vision or an eye patch may be used. Including arm guard, chest protector, bow sling, finger sling, belt, hip or ground quiver. Devices to raise a foot/feet or part thereof, attached or independent of the shoe, are permitted provided they do not present an obstruction to other athletes at the shooting line/peg or protrude more than 2cm past the footprint of the shoe. Also permitted are limb savers. Wind indicators (non- electric or non-electronic) may be attached to the equipment
			used at the shooting peg (e.g. light ribbons).
00.0.4		00.0.4	Compound
22.2.1	Addition to the end of the Article	22.2.1	No equipment may be electric or electronic.
22.2.1.4	Addition	22.2.1.4	A bowstring of any type which may include multiple serving/s to accommodate nocking points and include other attachments such as a lip or nose mark, a peep-hole, a peep-hole 'hold-in-line' device, D loop bowstring, string silencers, bowstring weights, etc. are permitted.
22.2.1.5	Addition	22.2.1.5	The pressure point of the arrow rest which can be adjustable shall be placed no further back than 6cm (inside) from the throat of the handle (pivot point of the bow grip).
22.2.2	Addition	22.2.2	Draw check indicators, tactile, audible and/or visual may be used, provided they are not electric or electronic.
22.2.3.1	Rewording plus additions	22.2.3.1	Which may allow for windage and elevation, and may also incorporate a levelling device, and/or magnifying lenses and/or prisms. Additionally, a manufacturers scale and or tape with one set of the athletes normal sight marks may be mounted on the sight as a guide for distance markings.
22.2.3.2	Rewording	22.2.3.2	The sight points may be a fibre optic and if desired illuminated by a chemical glowstick. The glowstick shall be encased so as not to disturb other athletes.

			Barebow
22.3.1	Rewording	22.3.1	A bow of any type provided it complies with the common meaning of the word bow as used in target archery, that is, an instrument consisting of a handle/riser and grip (no shoot-through type) and two flexible limbs each ending in a tip with a string nock. The bow is braced for use by a single string attached directly between the two string nocks, and in operation is held in one hand by its grip while the fingers of the other hand draw and release the string. The bow as described above shall be bare except for the arrow rest and free from protrusions, sights or sight marks, marks or blemishes or laminated pieces (within the bow window area) which could be of use in aiming. The unbraced bow complete with permitted accessories shall be capable of passing through a hole or ring with a 12.2cm inside diameter +/-0.5mm.
22.3.2.1	Rewording	22.3.2.1	Which may be of multi-coloured strands and serving and of the material chosen for the purpose. It may have a centre serving to accommodate the drawing fingers, one or two nocking points to which may be added serving(s) to fit the arrow nock as necessary, and to locate the nocking points. No lip or nose mark is permitted. The bowstring shall not in any way assist aiming through the use of a peephole, marking, or any other means.
22.3.3.	Addition	22.3.3.	An arrow rest, which may be adjustable and have more than one vertical support is permitted
22.3.3.1	Rewording	22.3.3.1	An adjustable pressure button, pressure point or arrow plate may all be used on the bow provided they do not offer any additional aid in aiming. The pressure point may be placed no further back than 2cm (inside) from the pivot point of the grip.
22.3.6.1	Rewording	22.3.6.1	Vibration dampeners fitted as part of the bow are permitted provided that they do not have stabilisers.
22.3.7.1	Rewording and change to the rule of arrows used in each end.	22.3.7.1	An arrow consists of a shaft with a tip (point), nocks, fletching and, if desired, cresting. The maximum diameter of arrow shafts shall not exceed 9.3mm (arrow wraps shall not be considered as part of this limitation but may not extend further than 22cm toward the arrow point when measured from the nock groove where the bowstring sits to the end of the wrap). The tips/points of the arrows may not exceed 9.4mm in diameter. All arrows of every athlete shall be marked with the athlete's name or initials on the shaft. All arrows used in any end shall be identical in appearance and shall

22.3.8.1	Reworded and change of Rule	22.3.8.1	carry the same pattern and colour(s) of fletching, nocks and cresting, if any. Tracer nocks (electrically/electronically lighted nocks) are not allowed. A separator between the fingers to prevent pinching the arrow may be used. An anchor plate or similar device attached to the finger protection (tab) for the purpose of anchoring is permitted. The stitching shall be uniform in size and colour. Marks or lines may be added directly to the tab or on a tape placed on the face of the tab. These marks shall be uniform in size, shape and colour. Additional memoranda is not permitted. On the bow
			hand an ordinary glove, mitten or similar item may be worn but shall not be attached to the grip of the bow.
22.3.9	Rewording	22.3.9	Binoculars, scopes and other visual aids for spotting arrows:
22.3.10.1	Rewording	22.3.10.1	Including arm guard, chest protector, bow sling, finger sling, belt, back, hip or ground-quiver. Devices to raise a foot or part thereof, attached or independent of the shoe, are permitted provided that the devices do not present an obstruction to other athletes at the shooting line/peg or protrude more than 2cm past the footprint of the shoe. Also permitted are limb dampeners.
22.4.1	Rewording	22.4.1	A bow of any type, which complies with the common meaning of the word bow as used in target archery, consisting of a handle/riser and grip (no shoot-through type) and two flexible limbs each ending in a tip with a string nock. The riser is produced of a natural or resin based material (e.g. wood, bamboo, horn, cloth, fibreglass, and a portion of the riser may include carbon/graphite or metal). The riser must be of laminated construction or one piece of wood. The bow may be of a take-down type and may incorporate factory installed metal fittings in the riser for limb attachment, sight mount inserts, cushion plunger insert and stabilizer bushings only. The bow may include a single adjustable limb for tiller adjustment only, but may not have adjustable limb pockets for bow weight adjustment. The riser may include thin synthetic laminates up to 6 mm in width to use for limb/pocket protection for structural use within the riser, but no more than one quarter of the riser's construction may be produced of metal or synthetic material. The riser must contain some wood or bamboo. For non-takedown bows, limb laminates of any material that fade into the riser section are permitted. The bow is braced for use by a single string attached directly between the two string nocks, and in operation is held in one hand by its handle (grip) while the fingers of the other hand draw and release the string. The bow as described above shall be bare, except for an arrow rest as described in Article 22.4.3. and free from protrusions, sights or sight marks, marks or blemishes or laminated pieces (within the bow window area) which could be of use in aiming. Weights inside the bow riser are permitted if installed during the manufacturing process of the bow

22.4.1.1	New Article	22.4.1.1	and not post construction. Any such weights shall be completely invisible on the exterior of the riser and be covered by laminates applied during the initial construction with no visible holes, plugged holes, covers or caps with the exception of the original manufacturer's inlay or insert logo. Multi-coloured bow risers and trademarks located on the inside of the upper and lower
			limb are permitted. However if the area within the sight window is coloured in such a way that it could be used for aiming, then it must be taped over
22.4.2.1	Reworded	22.4.2.1	Which may be of multi-coloured strands and serving and of the material chosen for the purpose. It may have a centre serving to accommodate the drawing fingers, one or two nocking points to which may be added serving(s) to fit the arrow nock as necessary, and to locate the nocking points. At each end of the bowstring there is a loop which is placed in the string nocks of the bow when braced. No lip or nose mark is permitted. The serving on the string shall not end within the athlete's vision at full draw. The bowstring shall not in any way assist aiming through the use of a peephole, marking, or any other means.
22.4.3.1.	Reworded	22.4.3.1.	The arrow rest can be a simple plastic self-adhesive arrow rest, a feather rest as supplied by the manufacturer or the athlete can use the bow shelf, in which case it may be covered with any type of material (on shelf only). The vertical part of the sight window may be protected by material which shall not raise more than 1 cm above the resting arrow or be thicker than 3 mm, measured from the riser directly adjacent to the material. No other types or arrow rests shall be allowed.
22.4.6.1	Rewording and change to the rule of arrows used in each end.	22.4.6.1	An arrow consists of a shaft with a tip (point), nocks, fletching and, if desired, cresting. The maximum diameter of arrow shafts shall not exceed 9.3mm (arrow wraps shall not be considered as part of this limitation but may not extend further than 22cm toward the arrow point when measured from the nock groove where the bowstring sits to the end of the wrap). The tips/points of the arrows may not exceed 9.4mm in diameter. All arrows of every athlete shall be marked with the athlete's name or initials on the shaft. All arrows used in any end shall be identical in appearance and shall carry the same pattern and colour(s) of fletching, nocks and cresting, if any. Tracer nocks (electrically/electronically lighted nocks) are not allowed.
22.4.8	Rewording	22.4.8	Binoculars, scopes and other visual aids may be used for spotting arrows:
22.4.8.1	Rewording and New rule	22.4.8.1	Provided they are not used for ranging or represent any obstruction to other athletes.
22.4.8.2	Rewording	22.4.8.2	Prescription glasses, shooting spectacles and sunglasses may be used. None of these may be fitted with micro hole lenses, or similar devices, nor may they be marked in any way to assist in aiming.
22.4.8.3	Rewording	22.4.8.3	Should the athlete need to cover the non-sighting eye and or glasses lens, plastic, film or tape may be used to obscure vision, or an eye patch may be used.
22.4.9.1	Rewording	22.4.9.1	Including arm guard, chest protector, bow sling, finger sling, belt, back, hip or ground-

			quiver. Devices to raise a foot or part thereof, attached or independent of the shoe, are permitted provided that the devices do not present an obstruction to other athletes at the shooting peg or protrude more than 2cm past the footprint of the shoe. Also permitted are limb dampeners. Arrow quivers shall not be attached to the bow.
			Longbow
22.5.1.1	Rewording	22.5.2.1	Which may be of multi-coloured strands and serving and of the material chosen for the purpose. It may have a centre serving to accommodate the drawing fingers, one or two nocking points to which may be added serving(s) to fit the arrow nock as necessary, and to locate the nocking point. At each end of the bowstring there is a loop which is placed in the string nocks of the bow when braced. The serving on the string shall not end within the athlete's vision at full draw. The bowstring shall not in any way assist aiming through the use of a peephole, marking, or any other means.
22.5.5	Rewording	22.5.5	No weights, stabilisers or vibration dampeners allowed. Weights inside the bow riser are permitted if installed during the manufacturing process of the bow and not post construction. Any such weight shall be completely invisible on the exterior of the riser and be covered by laminates applied during the initial construction with no visible holes, plugged holes, covers or caps with the exception of the original manufacturer's inlay or insert logo.
22.5.8	Rewording	22.5.8	Binoculars, scopes and other visual aids may be used for spotting arrows:
22.5.8.1	New addition to the rule	22.5.8.1	Provided they are not used for ranging or represent any obstruction to other athletes.
22.5.8.2	Rewording	22.5.8.2	Prescription glasses, shooting spectacles and sunglasses may be used. None of these may be fitted with micro hole lenses, or similar devices, nor may they be marked in any way to assist in aiming.
22.5.8.3	Rewording	22.5.8.3	Should the athlete need to cover the non-sighting eye and or glasses lens, plastic, film or tape may be used to obscure vision, or an eye patch may be used.
22.5.9.1	Rewording	22.5.9.1	Including arm guard, chest protector, bow sling, finger sling, belt, back, hip or ground-quiver. Devices to raise a foot or part thereof, attached or independent of the shoe, are permitted provided that the devices do not present an obstruction to other athletes at the shooting peg or protrude more than 2cm past the footprint of the shoe. Arrow quivers shall not be attached to the bow.
22.6.2	Renumbered and New addition to the rule	22.6.2	Any electronic communication device (including mobile phones), headsets or noise reduction devices at any time on the course.
22.6.3	Renumbered and New addition to the rule	22.6.3	Any type of range finders or any other means of estimating distances or angles not covered by the current rules regarding athletes equipment, or any written memoranda or electronic storage device for storing memoranda apart from notes of the athlete's normal sight marks (for those divisions which allow sight).
23.1.3	Reworded	23.1.3	In Field and 3D every shooting position shall have a shooting peg or mark to

			accommodate at least two athletes. If two athletes are shooting simultaneously, athletes will shoot two at a time unless it is not possible. Athlete A and C will shoot from the left, athlete B and D from the right unless the athletes agree to change
23.2	Reworded	23.2	Athletes within the shooting group waiting for their turn to shoot shall wait back behind the athletes in the shooting position.
23.3	New addition to the rule	23.3	Number of arrows to shoot in Field and 3D rounds
23.3.1	New addition to the rule	23.3.1	Individual competition:
			 In field, three arrows per target will be shot in all rounds;
			 In 3D, two arrows per target will be shot in the qualification rounds, one arrow per target will be shot in elimination and final rounds.
23.4	Renumbered	23.4	No athlete may approach the target until all athletes of the group have finished shooting, unless given permission by a Judge
23.5.1	Renumbered and Reworded	23.5.1	 An arrow shall not be considered to have been shot if: It has dropped from the bow and the athlete can touch it, or would have been able to touch the first landing point had it not been for the slope with his bow without moving his feet in front of the peg, and provided the arrow has not rebounded; The target face, butt or 3D target falls over. The Judges shall take whatever measures they deem necessary, and permit time for shooting the relevant number of arrows. If the target or butt only slides down it shall be left to the Judges to decide what action to take, if any.
23.6	Renumbered and Reworded	23.6	There shall be no discussion between athletes, coaches team officials or any other person about distances, angles or other assistive information until the daily competition is complete.
23.6.1	Renumbered and Reworded	23.6.1	There is to be no discussion of distances among the athletes of a group until the target has been scored.
23.6.2	Renumbered and Reworded	23.6.2	In the Team event, only a discussion between the three athletes and/or their coach on the field is allowed. No distances may be communicated by any other team official. The team members may join the athlete who is shooting and stand well behind him at the shooting peg and the team can communicate within this group. One coach accompanying the team may also go forward to the shooting peg with the team and coach, but shall stay behind when the team goes to the target to score. Where there is an allocated "Coach Box/Area" then the coach shall remain in this area whilst shooting is taking place. Should it be necessary to have more than one person per team to carry spare bows for the team, this (these) person(s) should stay outside of the designated shooting area and is (are) not allowed to coach during the shooting. A coach of a women's/men's/juniors team cannot go back to coach another team from the same Member Association. There shall not be any communication between the coaches of women's and men's teams

of the same Member Association during the finals.

The old Chapter 24,25 and 26 have been combined and still contain the General Order of shooting and Timing control for Field and 3D, they have been totally rewritten and a number of Articles have been move around.

The old Chapter 27 Scoring becomes 25

The old Chapter 28 Shooting Control and Safety moves to 26

The old Chapter 29 Shooting Consequences of Breaking Rules moves to 27